## Des Moines Feed Co. Since 1944 **Product of the Month:**

# **Barley**

We offer three varieties today malt Barley, Hulled Barley, and Steam Rolled Barley. What's the difference?

<u>Barley</u>		<u>Hulled Barley</u>		Steam Rolled Barley	
Proteir	า 12%	Protein	12.5%	Protein	12%
Fat	2%	Fat	2.2%	Fat	2%
Fiber	8.7%	Fiber	4%	Fiber	8.6%

#### **Barley (Item#: BAR50)**

- Great for all pigeons
- Superb Western-grown white barley
- 2-row malting barley
- Heavy test weight; triple cleaned

#### **Hulled Barley (Item: BARH50)**

- Concentrated barley nutrition without the hull
- Low in fiber
- More appealing and easier to digest

### **Steam Rolled Barley (Item #: BARSR50)**

- High Digestible barley flakes for livestock
- A must for show conditioning
- Excellent for dairy production



Barley (Item# BAR50)





<u>What is Test Weight?</u> "Test weight" is simply a measure of grain bulk density. An official test weight measurement uses standardized equipment to determine the mass (weight) of a sample quart of grain, and then converts this to a pounds per volumetric bushel basis.

Barley grown for brewers malt is called malting barley, as opposed to feeding barley, and is divided into two general types; 2-row and 6-row. The most obvious difference between a head of 2-row barley and ahead of 6-row barley is the arrangement of the kernels when the head is viewed down its axis. Brewers don't make a big deal about 2-row versus 6-row barley based on the appearance of the barley head, however. The significant differences are found upon closer examination.

In general, 6-row malted barley has more protein and enzyme content than 2-row malted barley, is thinner than two-row malt and contains less carbohydrate. There are also flavor differences between 2-row and 6-row and it seems that most brewers feel 2-row malt produces a fuller, maltier flavor and 6-row malt produces a grainier flavor in the finished beer.

#### Where does barley come from?

Barley Cereal grass native to Asia and Ethiopia cultivated perhaps since 5000 bc. Three cultivated species are Hordeum distich um, commonly grown in Europe; H. vulgar favored in the USA; and H. irregular, grown in Ethiopia. Barley is eaten by humans and animals and is used to make malt beverages.

Visit Statista to learn more about who's growing barley in the United states

http://www.statista.com/statistics/191430/top-us-states-for-barley-production/